Source Protection Plan Implementation Overview

Planning Division
Committee of Adjustment
March 18, 2021



Background

- 2000 Walkerton tragedy
- 2002 Walkerton Inquiry
- 2006 Clean Water Act
- 2015 Source Protection
 Plans implemented (affecting CKL)
- 2020 Deadline for the City's OPA and ZBA



Risk Management Official (RMO)

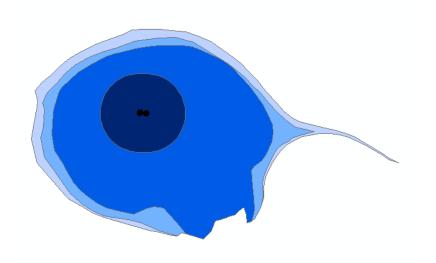
- Responsible for enforcing Part IV of the Clean Water Act, 2006
- CKL has contracted RMO role to KRCA
- Protection of municipal drinking water sources by managing significant drinking water threats
- Role:
 - Comment on municipal preconsultation applications
 - Comment on conservation authority applications
 - Issue Section 59 applications
 - Negotiate Risk Management Plans
 - Inspect existing Risk Management Plans
 - Education and Outreach

Proposed OPA and ZBA

- Why?
 - Clean Water Act requirement
 - Conformity with Provincial Policies
 - Existing OP policies and schedules are outdated; no direction in the ZBLs
- What?
 - Incorporate policy direction from SPPs
 - Identify key vulnerable areas
 - Restrict future land use activities that may be threats
 - Amend CKLOP, 2012 and 14 ZBLs



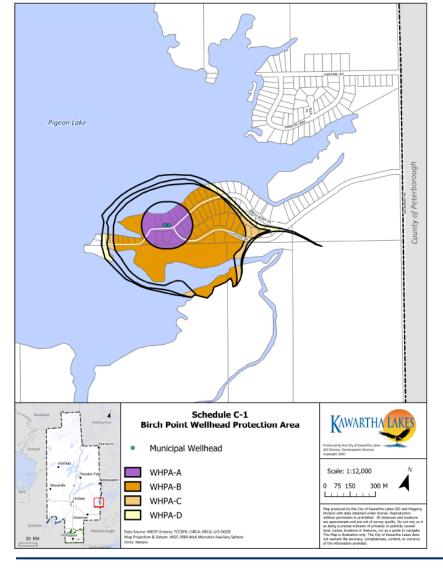
1. Key Vulnerable Areas

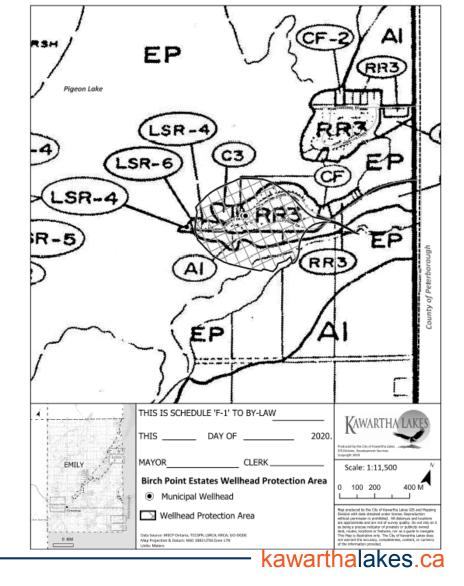




Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA)

area around groundwater wells





1. Key Vulnerable Areas

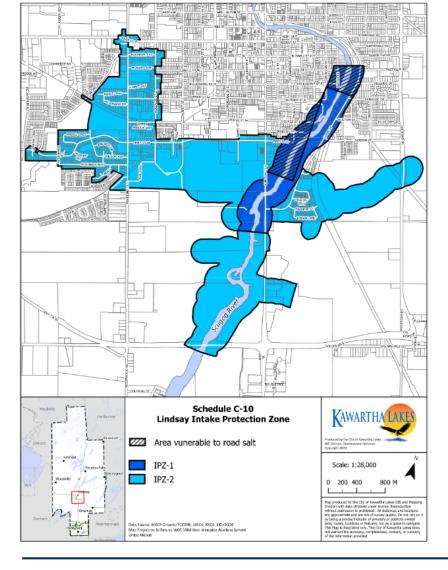


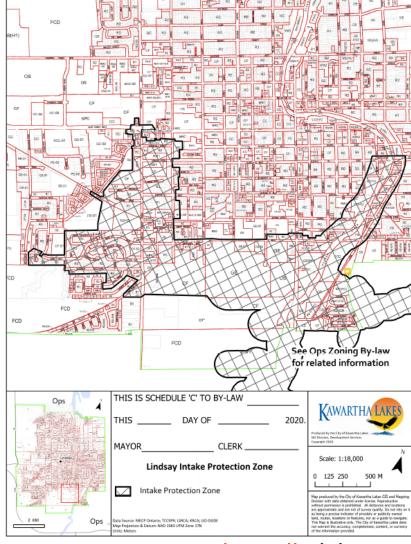
Lindsay Water Treatment

Intake Protection Zone (IPZ)

area around surface water intakes for municipal drinking water systems

kawarthalakes.ca





2. Threats

- Clean Water Act prescribes 22 activities as drinking water threats
- SPPs require that land use activities considered a future significant drinking water threat be prohibited in the OP and ZBL
 - i.e. waste disposal sites, commercial fertilizer, pesticide, road salt, bulk fuels, manure, biosolids, snow storage, etc.

Section 3: How Does This Affect You?



How Does This Affect You?

- Overlay in the Zoning Schedule
 - Does not change the Zoning of your property
- Not intended to affect typical / small household uses or activities
 - i.e. storage of fuel, road salt, paint, etc.
- Section 59 Notice required as part of a complete Planning Act application and/or Building Permit application

How Does This Affect You?

- Property screened to determine location within a vulnerable area
- Applicant referred to RMO for guidance
- Application for project completed and returned to RMO
- RMO reviews application
- Once application deemed complete, RMO either issues Section 59 Notice stating that the proposal either poses no threat to drinking water or that s.58 applies but a Risk Management Plan has been established to address significant drinking water threats
- RMO notifies applicant of the status of their application within 5 business days

Outcomes

 The Official Plan policies and zoning provisions were approved by Council on November 17, 2020 and are now in effect