

# 2023 Lindsay Ops Landfill Annual Monitoring Report (AMR)

#### **Presentation by:**

David Kerr, Manager of Environmental Services & Kayla Pantaleo, Regulatory Compliance Officer Report By: Azimuth Environmental Consulting Inc.

Date: November 20, 2024

## **Summary**

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- Introduction
- Site Overview & Background
- Background Information
- Site Operations
- Environmental Monitoring & Recommendations
- Questions



## **Introduction: Report Compilation**

#### **Azimuth Environmental Consulting, Inc:**

 Completed the Annual Report. Including the following monitoring components; landfill gas, leachate, & ground water sampling.

#### **CKL Waste Management Division:**

 Staff are responsible for contract administration, site inspections, certain components of the monitoring program, data entry for the waste quantities, reviewing monitoring results & reports.



### **Introduction: Reporting Requirements**



- Prepared in compliance with the Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA)
- Summary of the 2023 monitoring data with comparison to the historical data
- Assessment of the current state of the landfill site.
- Over 40 years of monitoring results.



Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks Ministère de l'Environnement, de la Protection de la nature et des Parcs

#### AMENDED ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE APPROVAL

NUMBER A321504 Issue Date: June 30, 2022

The Corporation of the City of Kawartha Lakes

322 Kent St W Lindsay, Ontario K9V 4T7

Site Location: Lindsay Ops Landfill

51 Wilson Road Rd Kawartha Lakes City,

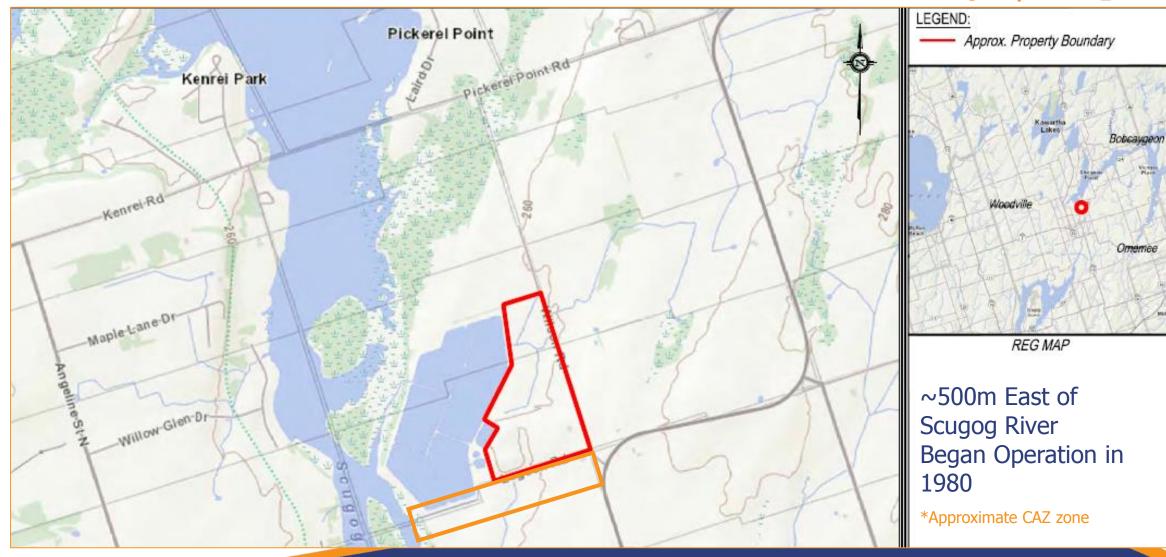
K9V 4R3

You have applied under section 20.2 of Part II.1 of the <u>Environmental Protection Act</u>, R.S.O. 1990, c. E. 19 (Environmental Protection Act) for approval of:

a landfill site with a 21.2 hectare waste fill area within a total site area of 53.9 hectares including buffer area to used for the disposal of Municipal Waste generated within the Owner of Kawartha Lakes.

## **Background: Site Location**





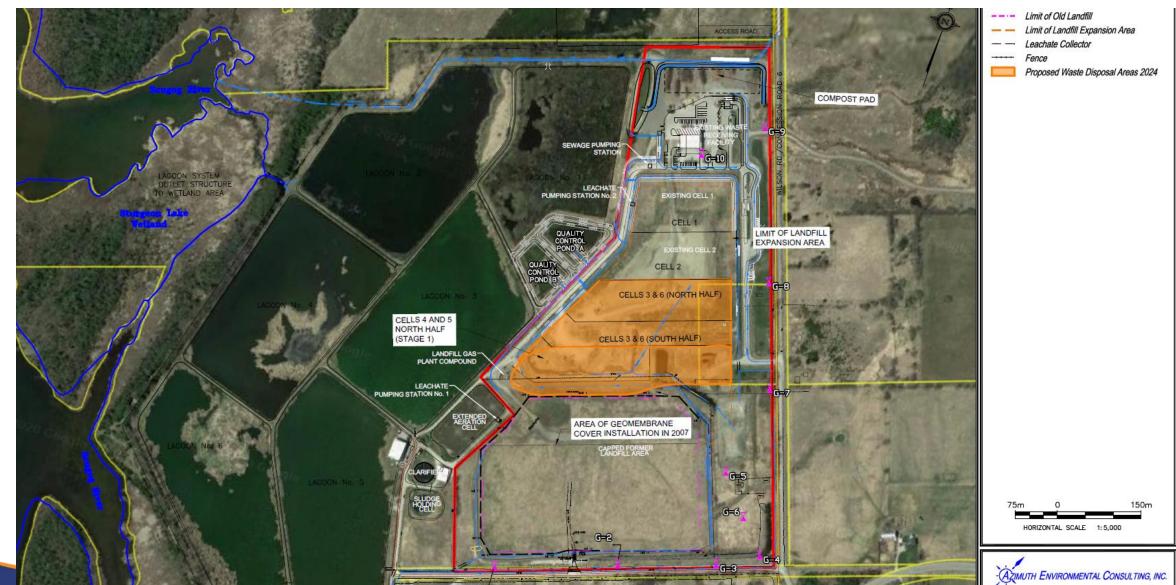
## **Introduction: Operations & Waste Types**



- The Site is licensed to accept solid non-hazardous municipal waste (as defined in O.Reg. 347/90):
  - Wastes generated within CKL by residential & industrial, commercial & institutional;
  - Contaminated soils; and
  - Biosolids
- Waste Facilities:
  - Recycling Depot;
  - Leaf and Yard Waste Composting Facility;
  - Septage Station; &
  - Household Hazardous Waste Depot (HHW)

## **Site Operations: Disposal Area 2023**





#### **Site Operations: 2023 Overview**



- Gull control continued including pyrotechnics (flare gun);
- An increase in leachate due to construction (cell 4&5);
- 6 PRC meetings were held in 2023;
- Ongoing staff training with 2 events in spring & fall;
- Wetland Assessment (completed every 5 yrs);
- Methane detection system calibration.

#### **Site Operations: Waste Limits**



- ECA annual limit is 58,200 tonnes
  - limit <u>not</u> exceeded 35,997 tonnes received;
  - Similar to historical amounts
- Daily limit is 240 tonnes
  - Exceeded daily limit 6x waste tonnage went over the limit;
  - Due to road clean-up (sweepings) and/or excess soil;
  - Did not occur over 2 consecutive days.



## **Summary of LOPS Annual Waste Tonnages**



Year	Tonnes Landfilled	# of Days Exceeding Daily Limit	
2014	25,998	3	
2015	29,152	13	
2016	27,654	7	
2017	27,122	11	
2018	27, 463	8	
2019	27,919	9	
2020	27,604	5	
2021	32,531	29	
2022	30,660	6	
2023	35,997	6	

Note:

**ECA Annual Limit = 58,200 tonnes** 

#### **Materials Diverted**



Material Type	Tonnes
Curbside Recyclables (containers & fibers)	5,530
Leaf and Yard Waste	2,305
Construction and Demolition	1,701
Scrap Metal	293
Mattresses	158
Electronics	143
HHW	143
Bulky Plastics	61
Textiles	9
Total Tonnes diverted in 2023:	~10,343

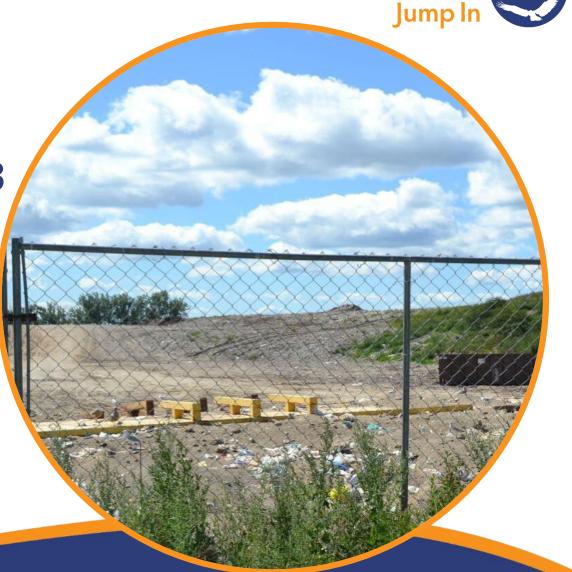
## **Site Life & Capacity**

Total Air Space: 58,110 m3

Waste Density: 700 kg/m3

Remaining Capacity: 511,387m3

 About 11 years remaining at December 31, 2023



Kawartha Lakes

## **2023 Monitoring Program Summary**



	Site Inspections (monthly)	Groundwater Monitoring/ Sampling (Quarterly)	Surface Water Monitoring/ Sampling (Quarterly)	Gas well Monitoring (monthly during frozen ground conditions & quarterly thereafter)	Leachate Sampling (monthly)
Azimuth Environmental	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>
CKL Staff	✓			✓	<b>✓</b>
Notes:				Occurred on eight occasions	

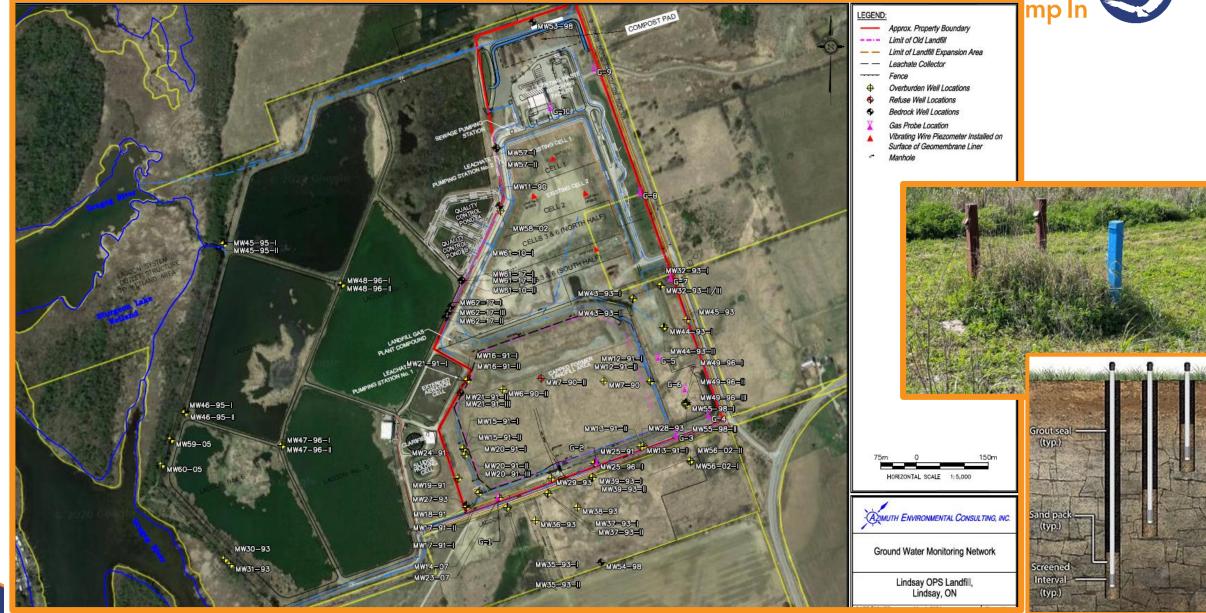
#### **Leachate Overview**



- Old landfill area (south area) has a synthetic membrane cap with a perimeter leachate collection system (LCS).
- North expansion area has a compacted clay composite base with a geomembrane liner system & an overlying LCS.
- Once collected leachate goes to the wastewater treatment plant.
- Pumping levels are recorded to track quantities.
- Annual flushing is completed to ensure flow/ operations
- Vibrating Wire piezometer tested to ensure flow through waste
- Monthly visual inspection for seepage and/or springs.

#### **Groundwater (GW) Locations**





## **Groundwater (GW) Conclusions**



- No offsite impacts observed;
- Analysis meets MECP criteria;
- Monitoring was in accordance with the requirements of the ECA;
- Water levels confirm that the regional flow is towards the Scugug River;



 In May 2023 an exceedance for ammonia was observed at MW61-10-I. In July & October sampling results were significantly lower so considered not valid.

#### **GW & Leachate Recommendations**

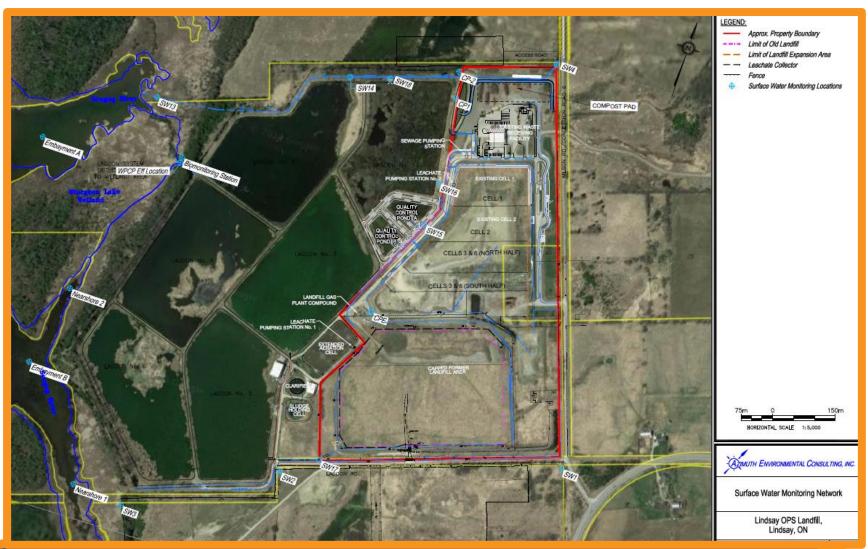


- Reduce frequency of leachate collection system inspection & flushing to every 3yrs, or as required;
- Perform maintenance test at all monitoring wells;
- Reduce quarterly to semi-annual monitoring
- Remove; Phenols monitoring, PCBs. VOC's, BTEX & phosphorus monitoring.

#### **Surface Water Locations**

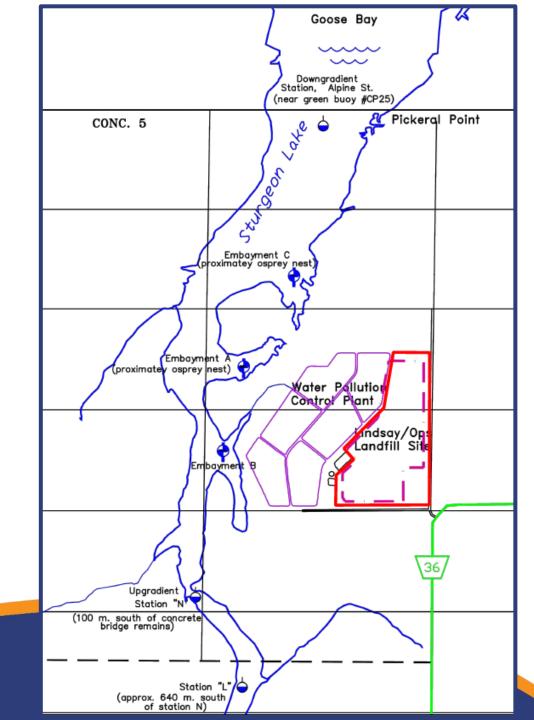


- Upstream locations:
  - SW1 & SW4
- Downstream locations:
  - SW2, SW3, SW13, SW14, & SW18
- On-Site locations:
  - SW15 & SW16



#### **Surface Water Locations**

- Scugog River locations:
  - SW sampling locations
  - **Embayment locations**



#### **Surface Water Conclusions**



- Scogog River:
  - Parameter concentrations between the upstream & downstream are similar - no environmental impacts
- Onsite drainage
  - Low flows + the concentrations provide no influence the Scugog River.
  - Many locations are dry in the summer and therefore can not influence the river.
  - VOC and PCB are not a cause for concern from the site.

#### **Surface Water Recommendations**



- Low flow surface water sample conditions should be filtered in lab or field to improve water quality results.
- No significant contaminant detection threat of organic priority pollutants in decades;
- No significant PCB results in decades, not necessary to sample;
- No significant VOC results
  - Concentrations of BTEX are barely traceable or even non-detectable levels, due to it degrading over time. Further evaluation is seen as unwarranted
  - The byproduct of WPCP processing, trihalomethanes, is not in relation to the landfill and does not need to be assessed

## **Lethality Testing Overview**

- Replaced the biomonitoring program with lethality testing of the water at SW13.
- Purpose is to determine toxic nature of the sample when a sensitive species is exposed.
- Sampled 4x a year; April, June, August & October.
- All results indicated a 0% impairment & 0% mortality rate for both Rainbow Trout & Daphnia magna.





Daphnia or waterfleas, are key part of the food web and are tiny crustaceans which exist in any healthy freshwater ecosystem

## **Gas Monitoring Conclusions**



- This program is designed to evaluate the migration potential of gas compounds in the environment.
- Concentrations are typical of a landfill site.
- Only exceeding the Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) of 5% at the leachate monitoring wells;
- The remaining landfill gas monitoring locations indicated insignificant methane levels; and
- 2023 results are consistent with the previous years & indicate that methane gas from the landfill is not migrating off Site.

#### **Landfill Gas Recommendations**

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- No significant migration of gas at the Site.
- Program needs to continue as a safeguard
- Late winter annual measurement should be considered if there has been no detection in past 5 yrs;
- If concentrations increase over 25% or a detection occurs, quarterly sampling should be completed;
- Termination should be considered if for a decade there is no detection





